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April 12
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Mathematics 206a
Multivariable Calculus
Final Examination

Mr. Haines

I. (10) Let M be parametrized by $f(s, t) = (s + t, s - t, st)$.

A. Calculate a unit normal to M at the point $(2, 0, 1)$.

B. Calculate the tangent plane to M at the point $(2, 0, 1)$.

II. (5) Give an equation of the tangent plane to the graph of $z = xy + x^3y + x$ at the point where $x = y = 1$.

III. (5) If $f(x, y) = x^3 + xy + y^5$, give the Hessian form for f at $(1, 0)$.

IV. (10) If $\mathbf{g} : \mathfrak{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathfrak{R}^3$ is the parametrization of the surface S in \mathfrak{R}^3 with parametrization $\mathbf{g}(s, t) = (s^2, t^2, s + t)$, and \mathbf{a} is the point $(4, 4, 4)$.

A) Compute the Jacobian of \mathbf{g} at the point where $(x, y, z) = \mathbf{a}$.

B) The total derivative of \mathbf{g} at \mathbf{a} , $(\mathbf{D}\mathbf{g}(\mathbf{a})) : \mathfrak{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathfrak{R}^3$ is also a surface in \mathfrak{R}^3 . Give the equation of the tangent plane to the total derivative at the point where $(x, y, z) = \mathbf{a}$.

V. (10) Let R be the triangle with vertices $(0, 0)$, $(1, 1)$, and $(1, 2)$. Evaluate the double integral

$$\iint_R (xy) dA$$

VI. (10) Suppose M is the part of the surface of the sphere of radius 5 centered at the origin that is cut off by the plane $z = 4$. M looks like a contact lens or a beanie or a cap.

A. Give a parametrization for ∂M .

B. Give a parametrization for M .

VII. (20) Let \mathbf{F} be a vector field given by $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (yze^x, ze^x, ye^x)$.

Let M be the top half of the disk in the xy -plane with center $(1, 1)$ and radius 1. Let C be the boundary of M , oriented counterclockwise. (So C looks like the letter D lying on its back. $C = C_1 + C_2$, where C_1 is a straight line and C_2 is a semi-circle.)

A. Find a potential function for \mathbf{F} .

B. Evaluate $\int_C \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{x}$.

C. Evaluate $\int_{C_1} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{x}$.

D. Evaluate $\int_{C_2} \mathbf{F} \cdot d\mathbf{x}$.

VIII. (15) The Divergence Theorem (Gauss' Theorem) says $\iiint_S \text{div} \mathbf{F} dV = \iint_{\partial S} \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} d\sigma$ Explain

the meaning of each of these symbols, i.e. tell what they represent. You don't need to give the conditions they satisfy, although that would be nice.

A. \mathbf{F}

B. S

C. ∂S

IX. (15) Let M be the portion of the surface of the sphere with radius $\sqrt{5}$ and center $(0, 0, -2)$ that is above the xy -plane and let \mathbf{F} be a vector field given by $\mathbf{F}(x, y, z) = (y, -x, e^{xz})$.

A) What is the coordinate equation of this sphere (in terms of x , y , and z)?

B) What is the intersection of this sphere with the xy -plane?

C) Use Stokes's Theorem to calculate $\iint_M \text{curl } \mathbf{F} \cdot \mathbf{n} \, d\sigma$ by evaluating the line integral of \mathbf{F} around ∂M , the answer to part B).